

### Exercise 3

Find the sum of the following infinite series:

$$\frac{5}{6}x + \frac{5}{36}x + \frac{5}{216}x + \frac{5}{1296}x + \cdots$$

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#### Solution

Inspecting the series, we see that it is geometric. The first term is

$$a_1 = \frac{5}{6}x,$$

and the common ratio is

$$r = \frac{1}{6}.$$

Therefore, the sum of the series is

$$\begin{aligned} S &= \frac{a_1}{1-r} \\ &= \frac{5/6}{5/6}x \\ &= x. \end{aligned}$$